Joshua 13:21

אַפּאר מָלָה בָּחֶשׁבֵּוֹן אֵשֶׁר הָבָּה מֹשֶׁה א plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigm, אַ הָּבָּה מֹשֶׁה א Fine Hebrew אַ word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהַים (וְאָת אַלהַים). For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהַים (אַלהַים). The Hebrew xix word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהִים (נְפִּיאִי מְדִּיֹן אַת byaplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigs, The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהָים (אַיִּי וְאָת happlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigm, The Hebrew, my word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. The Hebrew are word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָלהָים (צָּוּר וְאָת blugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bign, The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהַים (חור אָאָת hore) בְּרָא אַלֹהִים (חור example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אַלהַים (חור אַלהַים). he Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by אָרָאָרָסיִנְּי סִיחוֹן יֹשֶׁבֵּי הָאָרָץ (בְּיבֶּע נְסִיכֵּי סִיחוֹן יֹשֶׁבֵּי הָאָרָץ hebrew * Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country When coupled with heavens (orpe), the phrase indicates the entire created order. Genesis 12:1

EV

That is, all the cities of the tableland, and all the kingdom of Sihon king of the Amorites, who reigned in Heshbon, whom Moses defeated with the leaders of Midian, Evi and Rebea, the princes of Sihon, who lived in the land.

NLT

The land of Reuben also included all the towns of the plain and the entire kingdom of Sihon was the Amorites who were allied with Sihon was not be plateau and the entire read in Sihon king of the Amorites, who reigned in Heshbon and was killed by Moses along with the leaders of Midian-Evi, Rekem, Zur, Hur, and Reba-princes allied with Sihon-who lived in that country.

NLT

The land of Reuben also included all the towns of the plain and the entire kingdom of Sihon. Sihon was the Amorite king who had reigned in Heshbon and was killed by Moses along with the leaders of Midian-Evi, Rekem, Zur, Hur, and Reba-princes living in the region who were allied with Sihon.

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 Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" πάσαςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigmας
Meaning
Adjective
Usage in the New Testament
 The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
 With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὰcpluqin-autotooltip default pluqin-autotooltip biqó
The definite article πόλεις τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigỏ
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 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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areek
 All * Every * The whole
Usage in the New Testament
The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.
 Vith singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τὴνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ
 he definite article βασιλείαν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigō
The definite article Σηων βασιλέως τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
 The definite article Αμορραίων <mark>δν ἐπάταξεν</mark> Μωυσῆς <mark>αὐτ</mark>ὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5.000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
 s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigō
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 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
 he definite article Ευι καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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Meaning
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The definite article Σουρ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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The definite article Ροβε ἄρχοντας παρὰ Σηων καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
 And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοὺςρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
 he definite article κατοικοῦντας τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigō
 The definite article γῆνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
 Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
  eminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".
It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1
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KIV And all the cities of the plain and all the kingdom of Sihon king of the Amorites, which reigned in Heshbon, whom Moses smote with the princes of Midian. Fuj and Rekem, and Zur and Hur and Reha, which were dukes of Sihon, dwelling in the country

Joshua 13:20 ← Joshua 13:21 → Joshua 13:22

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