Joshua 13:25

ָהָיָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוְיְהֵי

hebrew

The word הַּיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 אֶרֶץ הַלֶּעְ יֶהֶגֶּלְעָׁד וַחֲצֵּי אֶרֶץ אָרֶץ (זְבֶּי הָגֶּלְעָׁד וַחֲצֵּי אֶרֶץ בַּי הַגָּלְעִׁד וַחֲצֵּי אֶרֶץ autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy,

hebrew

Meaning:

Hebrew

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אָרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שֶׁמִים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 פָּנִי שָׁרְוֹעֶר אֲלוֹעֶר אֲלוֹעֶר אֲלוֹעֶר אָשֶׁר עֶל בְּנֶי ביו אָלוֹעֶר אָשֶׁר עֶל בְּנֶי

hebrew

Meaning:

* Face * Presence * Front or surface

Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in -טי), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects. בְּבֶּה

ESV Their territory was Jazer, and all the cities of Gilead, and half the land of the Ammonites, to Aroer, which is east of Rabbah,

NIV The territory of Jazer, all the towns of Gilead and half the Ammonite country as far as Aroer, near Rabbah;

NLT Their territory included Jazer, all the towns of Gilead, and half of the land of Ammon, as far as the town of Aroer just west of Rabbah.

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καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐγένετο τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὄρια αὐτῶvplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός areek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) lαζηρ πἄσαιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 αlpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: LXX * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πόλεις Γαλααδ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί areek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἤμισυ γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 υἰῶν Αμμων ἔως Αροηρ ἥplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἥ, ὄ greek Meaning: * Who * Which * What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigsἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κατὰ πρόσωπον Ραββα

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KJV And their coast was Jazer, and all the cities of Gilead, and half the land of the children of Ammon, unto Aroer that is before Rabbah;

Joshua 13:24 ← Joshua 13:25 → Joshua 13:26

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