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Joshua 5

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15

Text

Hebrew

הַיָּהוּplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigיַהי

hebrew

The word הַּיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 אָת 2:15 אָמֶר הָיָרְבֹּיְן מָּמְרֹיָרָ הָשָׁלְרֵי הָשָׁמְרֵי הָאָמֹרִי הָשָׁר בְּעָבֵר הַיִּרְבַּוֹן יָמֶה וְכָל מָלְכֵי הַפְּנָעֵנִי אֲשֶׁר עַל הַלָּם אָת 2:2 אָת 2:15 יְמָה וְכָל מָלְכֵי הַפְּנָעֵנִי אֲשֶׁר עַל הַלָּם אָת 2:1

hebrew

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּרֵא אֱלֹהֶים (אֲשֶׁר הוֹבִּישׁ יְהוָֹה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigair-

hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אֵת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big אֵת

hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning:

* Wind * Breath * Spirit

Noun. Occurs about 380 times in the Old Testament.

Though usually feminine, רּיַּח sometimes takes masculine verbs and adjectives, especially when referring to the Spirit of God (רּיַּח יְהְוֹח). Exodus 10:13Genesis 6:17Genesis 41:8Proverbs 16:32Ecclesiastes 12:7Genesis 1:2Judges 3:10Ezekiel 36:27Genesis 2:7John 3:8Genesis 1:2Genesis 8:1

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יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigהַיָּא אָמֵר יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip

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ַנוָה הַדָּבֶר אֲשֶׁר מֶל יָהוֹשֶׁעַ כָּל הָעֶם הַיֹּצֵא מִמְצְרֵיִם הַזְּכְּרִים כִּל אָנְשֵׁי הַמְּלְחָמָה מֵתוּ בַּמִדְבָּר בְּדֶׁרֶדְ בְּצָאתָם מְמִּצְרֵיִם בֹּיִ

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hebrew

Meaning

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hebrew

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hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אֵבֵץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אֲשֵׁרֵ נִשְׁבֵּע יְהוֶה autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bign.

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אַתplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאַת

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For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּגֵיהֶם הַקִּים תַּחְתָּּם אֹתֶם (בְּגֵיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בִּגִיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בִּגִיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בִּגִיהֶם (בְּגֵיהֶם (בְּגֵיהֶם (בִּגִיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בְּגַיהֶם (בְּגֵיהֶם (בְּגֵיהֶם (בְּגִיהֶם (בְּנִיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בְּנִיהֶם (בְּבִיהֶם (בְּתָּחָם (בְּרָהָם בּּנִיהֶם (בְּנִיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בְּנִיהֶם (בְּנִיהֶם (בִּנִיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּנִיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהֶם (בִּיהָם בּיבִּיהָם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם בּּיהָם (בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם בּיהָּם בִּיהָם (בִּיהָם בּּבְּיהָם בּיהָם בִּיהָם בּבְּיהָם בּיהָּבְּיהָם בּּבְּיהָם בּיהָּבְּיהָם בּּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבְּיהָם בּיבּיהָּם בּיבּיהָּים בּיּיבּיהָם בּיבּיהָּים בּיּים בּּבִּיהָם בּיבִּיהָם בּיבִּיהָם בּיבּיהָם בּיבּיהָם בּיבּיהָּים בּיּים בּיבּיהָם בּיבִּיהָם בּיבּיהָם בּיבּיהָם בּיבּיהָּם בּיּבּיהָּים בּיּיהָּים בּיּבִּיהָם בּיּבִּיהָּם בּיּיהָּים בִּיהָּים בִּיהָּבָּיה

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יְהוָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigוְיָאמֶר יְהוָה

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אָת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאָד בְּגִי יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּגְלְגֵּל וַיְעֲשִׂוּ אָת

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אָבֶלוּ מֵעְבָּוּר הַאָּבֵץ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigy אָבֶר

hebrew

Meaning:

|11|* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word ארץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 מֶמֶחֶרֵת הַפֶּּסֶח מַצְּוֹת וְקָלְוּי בְּעֶצֶם הַיִּוֹם הַאֱה

אֶרֵץplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigץ מַמְּחַבָּת בָּאַכְלָם מֵעֲבָוּר הָאַרֵץ

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ָהָיָהיplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigיָהִי

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The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 אָרָיחוֹ וַיִּשֵּׁא עֵינִיל וַלָּרָא וְהַבָּה אִישׁ עֹמֵד לְנֵגְדֹּוֹ וְחַרְבִּוֹ שִׁלוֹפֶה בְּיִדְוֹ וַלֵּלֵב יְהוֹשֶׁעַ אֶלֶיוֹ וַיְּאִמֵר לוֹ הַלָּנוּ אַתָּה אִם לְצְבֵינוּ 2:3

יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigיָאמֶר לֹא כֵּי אָנֵי שַׂר צָבָא יָהוֶה

hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אַרֵץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמַיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 נַיִּשְׁהֶּחוּ וַיָּאֹמֶר דֹּוֹ מֵה אָדֹנֶי מְדַבֵּר אַל עַבְדַּוֹ

יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigיאמֶר שֶׁר צָבָא יָהוָה

hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אַל יָהוֹשָׁעַ שַׁל גַעַלְדּ מֵעַל רַגְעָלִדּ כֵּי הַמְּלִּוֹם אֲשֵׁרַ אַבָּה עֹמֵד עָלֶיו קֹדֶשׁ הָוֹא וַיַּעַשׁ יְהוֹשָׁעַ עֵּך דֹּ

ESV

- As soon as all the kings of the Amorites who were beyond the Jordan to the west, and all the kings of the Canaanites who were by the sea, heard that the LORD had dried up the waters of the Jordan for the people of Israel until they had crossed over, their hearts melted and there was no longer any spirit in them because of the people of Israel.
- 2 At that time the LORD said to Joshua, "Make flint knives and circumcise the sons of Israel a second time."
- 3 |So Joshua made flint knives and circumcised the sons of Israel at Gibeath-haaraloth.
- And this is the reason why Joshua circumcised them: all the males of the people who came out of Egypt, all the men of war, had died in the wilderness on the way after they had come out of Egypt.
- Though all the people who came out had been circumcised, yet all the people who were born on the way in the wilderness after they had come out of Egypt had not been circumcised.
- For the people of Israel walked forty years in the wilderness, until all the nation, the men of war who came out of Egypt, perished, because they did not obey the voice of the LORD; the LORD swore to them that he would not let them see the land that the LORD had sworn to their fathers to give to us, a land flowing with milk and honey.
- So it was their children, whom he raised up in their place, that Joshua circumcised. For they were uncircumcised, because they had not been circumcised on the way.
- 8 When the circumcising of the whole nation was finished, they remained in their places in the camp until they were healed.
- And the LORD said to Joshua, "Today I have rolled away the reproach of Egypt from you." And so the name of that place is called Gilgal to this day.
- While the people of Israel were encamped at Gilgal, they kept the Passover on the fourteenth day of the month in the evening on the plains of Jericho.
- And the day after the Passover, on that very day, they ate of the produce of the land, unleavened cakes and parched grain.
- And the manna ceased the day after they ate of the produce of the land. And there was no longer manna for the people of Israel, but they ate of the fruit of the land of Canaan that year.
- When Joshua was by Jericho, he lifted up his eyes and looked, and behold, a man was standing before him with his drawn sword in his hand. And Joshua went to him and said to him, "Are you for us, or for our adversaries?"
- And he said, "No; but I am the commander of the army of the LORD. Now I have come." And Joshua fell on his face to the earth and worshiped and said to him, "What does my lord say to his servant?"
- And the commander of the LORD's army said to Joshua, "Take off your sandals from your feet, for the place where you are standing is holy." And Joshua did so.

NIV

- Now when all the Amorite kings west of the Jordan and all the Canaanite kings along the coast heard how the LORD had dried up the Jordan before the Israelites until we had crossed over, their hearts melted and they no longer had the courage to face the Israelites.
- 2 At that time the LORD said to Joshua, "Make flint knives and circumcise the Israelites again."
- 3 So Joshua made flint knives and circumcised the Israelites at Gibeath Haaraloth.
- Now this is why he did so: All those who came out of Egypt-all the men of military age-died in the desert on the way after leaving Egypt.
- All the people that came out had been circumcised, but all the people born in the desert during the journey from Egypt had not.
- The Israelites had moved about in the desert forty years until all the men who were of military age when they left Egypt had died, since they had not obeyed the LORD. For the LORD had sworn to them that they would not see the land that he had solemnly promised their fathers to give us, a land flowing with milk and honey.

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- So he raised up their sons in their place, and these were the ones Joshua circumcised. They were still uncircumcised because they had not been circumcised on the way.
- And after the whole nation had been circumcised, they remained where they were in camp until they were healed.
- Then the LORD said to Joshua, "Today I have rolled away the reproach of Egypt from you." So the place has been called Gilgal to this day.
- On the evening of the fourteenth day of the month, while camped at Gilgal on the plains of Jericho, the Israelites celebrated the Passover.
- The day after the Passover, that very day, they ate some of the produce of the land: unleavened bread and roasted grain.
- The manna stopped the day after they ate this food from the land; there was no longer any manna for the Israelites, but that year they ate of the produce of Canaan.
- Now when Joshua was near Jericho, he looked up and saw a man standing in front of him with a drawn sword in his hand. Joshua went up to him and asked, "Are you for us or for our enemies?"
 - "Neither," he replied, "but as commander of the army of the LORD I have now come." Then
- 14 Joshua fell facedown to the ground in reverence, and asked him, "What message does my Lord have for his servant?"
- The commander of the LORD's army replied, "Take off your sandals, for the place where you are standing is holy." And Joshua did so.

NLT

- When all the Amorite kings west of the Jordan and all the Canaanite kings who lived along the Mediterranean coast heard how the LORD had dried up the Jordan River so the people of Israel could cross, they lost heart and were paralyzed with fear because of them.
- At that time the LORD told Joshua, "Make flint knives and circumcise this second generation of Israelites."
- So Joshua made flint knives and circumcised the entire male population of Israel at Gibeathhaaraloth.
- Joshua had to circumcise them because all the men who were old enough to fight in battle when they left Egypt had died in the wilderness.
- Those who left Egypt had all been circumcised, but none of those born after the Exodus, during the years in the wilderness, had been circumcised.
- The Israelites had traveled in the wilderness for forty years until all the men who were old enough to fight in battle when they left Egypt had died. For they had disobeyed the LORD, and the LORD vowed he would not let them enter the land he had sworn to give us- a land flowing with milk and honey.
- 7 So Joshua circumcised their sons- those who had grown up to take their fathers' places- for they had not been circumcised on the way to the Promised Land.
- 8 After all the males had been circumcised, they rested in the camp until they were healed.
- Then the LORD said to Joshua, "Today I have rolled away the shame of your slavery in Egypt." So that place has been called Gilgal to this day.
- While the Israelites were camped at Gilgal on the plains of Jericho, they celebrated Passover on the evening of the fourteenth day of the first month.
- The very next day they began to eat unleavened bread and roasted grain harvested from the land.
- No manna appeared on the day they first ate from the crops of the land, and it was never seen again. So from that time on the Israelites ate from the crops of Canaan.
- When Joshua was near the town of Jericho, he looked up and saw a man standing in front of him with sword in hand. Joshua went up to him and demanded, "Are you friend or foe?"

- "Neither one," he replied. "I am the commander of the LORD's army." At this, Joshua fell with his face to the ground in reverence. "I am at your command," Joshua said. "What do you want your servant to do?"
- The commander of the LORD's army replied, "Take off your sandals, for the place where you are standing is holy." And Joshua did as he was told.

LXX

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καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαι
greek
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐγένετο ὡς ἤκουσαν olplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article βασιλεῖς τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article Αμορραίων οἳ ἦσανplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. πέραν τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article Ιορδάνου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
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 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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The definite article βασιλεῖς τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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The definite article παρὰ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article θάλασσαν ὅτι ἀπεξήρανεν κύριος ὁplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigὁ
The definite article θεὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigθεὸς
Masculine noun meaning:
 * A god or goddess * God τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article Ιορδάνην ποταμὸν ἐκ τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
The definite article ἔμπροσθεν τὧνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article υἰῶν Ισραηλ ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
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 Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ
greek
The definite article διαβαίνειν αὐτούςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
 * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
  ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
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Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) αlplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò
The definite article διάνοιαι καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
greek
Meaning
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Meaning
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ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἤvplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεlμί
είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").
t an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν
Preposition meaning "in". αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
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Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) φρόνησις οὐδεμία ἀπὸ προσώπου τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigċ
greek
The definite article υἰῶν Ισραηλ
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ὑπὸ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τοῦτογριμgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὖτη /τοῦτο Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article καιρὸν εἶπεν κύριος τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article Ἰησοῖ ποίησονplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω Meaning: * To do * To make This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship Verb forms Present tense Person Greek Form σεαυτῷ μαχαίρας πετρίνας ἐκ πέτρας ἀκροτόμου καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" καθίσας περίτεμε τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article υἰοὺς Ισραηλ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐποίησενρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigποιέω Meaning: * To do * To make This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship. Verb forms Present tense Person Greek Form Ἰησοῦς μαχαίρας πετρίνας ἀκροτόμους καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" περιέτεμεν τοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article υἰοὺς Ισραηλ ἐπὶ τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article καλουμένου τόπου Βουνὸς τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek The definite article ἀκροβυστιῶν ον δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τρόπου περιεκάθαρεν Ἰησοῦς τοὺςplugin-autotooltip_dautotooltip_bigò The definite article υἰοὺς Ισραηλ ὄσοι ποτὲ ἐγένοντο ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". τῆρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article ὁδῷ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί Meaning ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὄσοι ποτὲ ἀπερίτμητοι ἦσανρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεlμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article ἐξεληλυθότων ἐξ Αἰγύπτου πάνταςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. ne sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23Iohn 3:16Colossians 1:17 τούτους plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 περιέτεμεν Ἰησοῦς

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εσσαράκοντα γὰρ καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
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Meaning
 * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. Π is most frequently translated as "and" δύο ἔτη ἀνέστραπται Ισραηλ ἐνρlugin-autotooltip _default plugin-autotooltip _bigἐν
 Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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greek
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lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. olplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article πλεῖστοι αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
Meaning
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
  ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τὧνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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The definite article μαχίμων τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article ἐξεληλυθότων ἐκ γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
Meaning:
 * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".
tt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 Alyúrtroo olplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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The definite article ἀπειθήσαντες τὧνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
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greek
Masculine noun meaning:
* A god or goddess * God οἶς καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
Meaning
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ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" διώρισεν μὴ ἰδεῖν αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός
Meaning
* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó
The definite article γῆνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ
Meaning:
 * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
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The definite article πατράσιν αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός
greek
Meaning
 He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
 Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
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Meaning:
 Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)
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Meaning
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ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μέλι

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ἀντὶ δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. τούτωνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο Meaning: * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἀντικατέστησεν τοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article υἰοὺς αὐτὧνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) οὖς Ἰησοὖς περιέτεμεν διὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδιά areek Meaning: * Through * Because * On account of Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation. When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 τὸρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article αὐτοὺς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) γεγενῆσθαι κατὰ τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ The definite article ὁδὸν ἀπεριτμήτους περιτμηθέντες δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek | Set is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἡσυχίαν είχον αὐτόθι καθήμενοι ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigėν greek Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article παρεμβολῆ ἔως ὑγιάσθησαν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί areek * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν κύριος τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigŏ The definite article Ἰησοῖ υἰῷ Ναυη ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν greek Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article σήμερον ήμέρα ἀφεῖλον τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article ὀνειδισμὸν Αἰγύπτου ἀφ ὑμῶν καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐκάλεσεν τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article ὄνομα τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ greek

The definite article τόπου ἐκείνου Γαλγαλα

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greek

The definite article ἡμέρα

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ἐξέλιπεν τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article μαννα μετὰ τὸplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article βεβρωκέναι αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὑτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐκ τοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὀ The definite article σίτου τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article γῆς plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigyῆ Meaning: * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 xαiplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί Meaning ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκέτι ὑπῆρχεν τοῖcplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article υἰοῖς Ισραηλ μαννα ἐκαρπίσαντο δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek 6 is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. trivplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article χώραν τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article Φοινίκων ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò The definite article ἐνιαυτῷ ἐκείνῳ

καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐγένετο ὡς ἦvplugin-autotooltip_ default plugin-autotooltip_ bigεiμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example ɛiµí is the word for am and no is the word for was, e.g. noous explication and the properties of the second state of the seco Preposition meaning "in". Ιεριχω καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀναβλέψας τοῖcplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article ὀφθαλμοῖς εἶδεν ἄνθρωπον ἐστηκότα ἐναντίον αὐτοῦρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same ersonal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" nplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article ῥομφαία ἐσπασμένη ἐνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó greek The definite article χειρὶ αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός areek * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί Meaning ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" προσελθών ὶησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτῷρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός Meaning Personal pronoun (reflexive), Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἡμέτερος εἶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἢ τῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó

greek

The definite article ὑπεναντίων

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plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big The definite article δὲplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek Meaning Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) έγὼ ἀρχιστράτηγος δυνάμεως κυρίου νυνὶ παραγέγονα καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ἰησοῦς ἔπεσεν ἐπὶ πρόσωπον ἐπὶ τὴνρίμgin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigά The definite article yñyplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigyñ * Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) eminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 kgiplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigxgi Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν αὐτῷρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός Meaning Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) δέσποτα τί προστάσσεις τῷplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big The definite article σῷ οἰκέτη καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαι areek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" λέγει ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big The definite article ἀρχιστράτηγος κυρίου πρὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπρός greek Meaning * To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... Ἰησοῦν λῦσαι τὸρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigó The definite article ὑπόδημα ἐκ τῶνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò The definite article ποδῶν σου ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ The definite article γὰρ τόπος ἐφ ὧ σὺ ἔστηκας ἄγιός ἐστινplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

ΚJV

- And it came to pass, when all the kings of the Amorites, which were on the side of Jordan westward, and all the kings of the Canaanites, which were by the sea, heard that the LORD had dried up the waters of Jordan from before the children of Israel, until we were passed over, that their heart melted, neither was there spirit in them any more, because of the children of Israel.
- At that time the LORD said unto Joshua, Make thee sharp knives, and circumcise again the children of Israel the second time.

t an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.ς

- And Joshua made him sharp knives, and circumcised the children of Israel at the hill of the foreskins.
- And this is the cause why Joshua did circumcise: All the people that came out of Egypt, that were males, even all the men of war, died in the wilderness by the way, after they came out of Egypt.
- Now all the people that came out were circumcised: but all the people that were born in the wilderness by the way as they came forth out of Egypt, them they had not circumcised.

- For the children of Israel walked forty years in the wilderness, till all the people that were men of war, which came out of Egypt, were consumed, because they obeyed not the voice of the LORD: unto whom the LORD sware that he would not shew them the land, which the LORD sware unto their fathers that he would give us, a land that floweth with milk and honey.
- And their children, whom he raised up in their stead, them Joshua circumcised: for they were uncircumcised, because they had not circumcised them by the way.
- And it came to pass, when they had done circumcising all the people, that they abode in their places in the camp, till they were whole.
- And the LORD said unto Joshua, This day have I rolled away the reproach of Egypt from off you. Wherefore the name of the place is called Gilgal unto this day.
- And the children of Israel encamped in Gilgal, and kept the passover on the fourteenth day of the month at even in the plains of Jericho.
- And they did eat of the old corn of the land on the morrow after the passover, unleavened cakes, and parched corn in the selfsame day.
- And the manna ceased on the morrow after they had eaten of the old corn of the land; neither had the children of Israel manna any more; but they did eat of the fruit of the land of Canaan that year.
- And it came to pass, when Joshua was by Jericho, that he lifted up his eyes and looked, and, behold, there stood a man over against him with his sword drawn in his hand: and Joshua went unto him, and said unto him, Art thou for us, or for our adversaries?
- And he said, Nay; but as captain of the host of the LORD am I now come. And Joshua fell on his face to the earth, and did worship, and said unto him, What saith my lord unto his servant?
- And the captain of the LORD'S host said unto Joshua, Loose thy shoe from off thy foot; for the place whereon thou standest is holy. And Joshua did so.

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