Judges 19:18

אָר מְּבֶּית הָר אָפָרִים מְשֶׁם אָנֹבִי וָאַבַּן עִד בֵּית לֱחֶם יְהוּדֶה וְאָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָר מְבֵּית אֶלִיו עֹבְרִים אָנֹחְנוּ מְבֵּית לֱחֶם יְהוּדֶה וְאָת

hebrev

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article מַ Genesis 1:1. יְהוֹרָה Genesis 1:1 יְהוֹרָה לוֹרָה Genesis 1:1 יְהוֹרָה לוֹרָה לוֹרָה שִׁרְה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְיִּבְּיִם לְּתְּלְּה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לְּתְּלְּה חִינִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לוֹרְה שִׁרְיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְּיִים לוֹרְיִים לוֹרָה שִׁרְיִים לוֹרָם לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרְים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרָים לוֹרִים לוֹרָים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרְים לוֹרְים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרְים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרְים לוֹרִים לוֹרְים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרִים לוֹרְים לוֹרְים

hebrew

Meaning

Hebrew * Yahweh - God's personal name

lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word הַּוֹּח (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 אָתָּפּוֹף אֹתִיּי אִׁישׁ מְאֶפֶּף אֹתָי אַישׁ מְאֶפֶף אֹתָי אַ

hebrew

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article הַבְּנְיָתָה 1:1 הַבְּיִתָּה זוֹ

And he said to him, "We are passing from Bethlehem in Judah to the remote parts of the hill country of Ephraim, from which I come. I went to Bethlehem in Judah, and I am going to the house of the Lord, but no one has taken me into his house.

NIV He answered, "We are on our way from Bethlehem in Judah to a remote area in the hill country of Ephraim where I live. I have been to Bethlehem in Judah and now I am going to the house of the LORD. No one has taken me into his house.

"We have been in Bethlehem in Judah," the man replied. "We are on our way to a remote area in the hill country of Ephraim, which is my home. I traveled to Bethlehem, and now I'm returning home. But no one has taken us in for the night,

......

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip

areek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... αὐτόνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

areek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) διαβαίνομεν ἡμεῖς ἐκ Βηθλεεμ τῆςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigó, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Ιουδα ἔως μηρῶν ὄρους τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ Εφραιμ ἐγὼ δὲρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδέ

greek

δέ is a conjunction that can mean "but" or "and" or "also" or "moreover". It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. ἐκεῖθέν εἰμιρΙυgin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

LXX gree

είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐπορεύθην ἔως Βηθλεεμ Ιουδα καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" είς τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ή, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οἴκόν μου ἐγὼ ἀποτρέχω κα\plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" οὐκ ἔστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigsiμί

greek

είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἀνὴρ συνάγων με εἰς τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οἰκίαν

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KJV

And he said unto him, We are passing from Bethlehemjudah toward the side of mount Ephraim; from thence am I: and I went to Bethlehemjudah, but I am now going to the house of the LORD; and there is no man that receiveth me to house.

Judges 19:17 ← Judges 19:18 → Judges 19:19

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