## Leviticus 13:15

	אָת הֵכּהַן אָת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigחַןְרְאָה הַכּהַן אָת
Hebrew	hebrew
	The Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only
	ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article הַ Genesis 1:1 הָפָּצֶּר הָחָי נְטִמְאָוֹ הַבְּצֶּר הָחָי נְטְמָאָוֹ הַבְּצֶּר הָחָי נְטְמָאָן
ESV	And the priest shall examine the raw flesh and pronounce him unclean. Raw flesh is unclean, for it is a leprous disease.
NIV	When the priest sees the raw flesh, he shall pronounce him unclean. The raw flesh is unclean; he has an infectious disease.
NLT	The priest must make this pronouncement as soon as he sees an open sore, since open sores indicate the presence of a skin disease.

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ὄψεται ὁplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἰερεὺς τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χρῶτα τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὀ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὑγιῆ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So LXX ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μιανεῖ αὐτὸνρlugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He. she. it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) oplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ χρὼς ὀplugin-autotooltip\_ default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὀ, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ὑγιής ὅτι ἀκάθαρτός ἐστινplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. λέπρα ἐστίνpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί areek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g.

KJV And the priest shall see the raw flesh, and pronounce him to be unclean: for the raw flesh is unclean: it is a leprosy.

Leviticus 13:14 ← Leviticus 13:15 → Leviticus 13:16

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → Old Testament → Leviticus → Leviticus 13

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=leviticus\_13:15

Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28

