

Leviticus 13:22

	את־plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָם פֿעה תפֿעה בָּעור וְטָמֵא הִכָּהוּ אֹתוֹ hebrew The Hebrew אֹת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article ה־.Genesis 1:1 נָגַע הוּא
ESV	And if it spreads in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean; it is a disease.
NIV	If it is spreading in the skin, the priest shall pronounce him unclean; it is infectious.
NLT	If during that time the affected area spreads on the skin, the priest must pronounce the person ceremonially unclean, because it is a serious disease.

	ἐάν δεplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigδέ greek δέ is a conjunction that can mean “but” or “and” or “also” or “moreover”. It is a word that is used very frequently in the New Testament, and is often unexpressed and not translated in English. διαχέηται ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν greek Preposition meaning “in”. τῷplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ó ή τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ δέρματι καίplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” μιανεῖ αὐτὸνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same
LXX	Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὁplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ó ή τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἱερεὺς ἀφ᾽ ἧς λέπρας ἐστίνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἐνplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν greek Preposition meaning “in”. τῷplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ó ή τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἔλκει ἐξήνησεν

KJV	And if it spread much abroad in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is a plague.
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