

Leviticus 14:36

	<p>אתplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigאת</p> <p>hebrew</p> <p>The Hebrew את word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article ה. Genesis 1:1 האת הבית לראות את 1:1</p>
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ESV	Then the priest shall command that they empty the house before the priest goes to examine the disease, lest all that is in the house be declared unclean. And afterward the priest shall go in to see the house.
NIV	The priest is to order the house to be emptied before he goes in to examine the mildew, so that nothing in the house will be pronounced unclean. After this the priest is to go in and inspect the house.
NLT	Before the priest goes in to inspect the house, he must have the house emptied so nothing inside will be pronounced ceremonially unclean.

κα|plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [προστίθεται](#) [plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [λερέας άποσκευάσαι τήν](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [οκίαν πρό του](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [ελαεθόντα ίδειν τον](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [λερέα τήν](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [άφήν και](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί](#)

LXX

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ού μή άκάθαρα γένηται όσα έάν ή](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεμί](#)

greek

εμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (είναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εμί is the word for am and ήν is the word for was, e.g. [έν](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigέν](#)

greek

Preposition meaning "in". [τή](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [οκία και](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί](#)

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [μετά του](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigούτος / αύτη / τουτο](#)

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

ούτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to έκείνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 [ελαεόσεται ό](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [λερέας καταμαθείν τήν](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigό, ή, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative [ό ή τό](#) Genitive [του τής του](#) Dative [τώ τή](#) [οκίαν](#)

KJV Then the priest shall command that they empty the house, before the priest go into it to see the plague, that all that is in the house be not made unclean: and afterward the priest shall go in to see the house:

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