Leviticus 18:24

Hebrew	פְנִיםplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאַל תַּשַּמִאוּ בְּכָל אֵלֶּה כֵּי בְכָל אֵלֶּה וֹטְסִאָוּ הַגּוֹיִם אֲשֶׁר אָגָי מְשַׁלֵּחָ מִפְּנֵיכֶם
	hebrew
	Meaning:
	* Face * Presence * Front or surface
	Noun. Masculine. Although it looks plural in form (ending in -o-), it is almost always used as a singular in meaning - a type of plural of intensity or plural of form common in Hebrew for body parts that come in pairs or have multiple aspects.
ESV	"Do not make yourselves unclean by any of these things, for by all these the nations I am driving out before you have become unclean,
NIV	"'Do not defile yourselves in any of these ways, because this is how the nations that I am going to drive out before you became defiled.
NLT	"Do not defile yourselves in any of these ways, for the people I am driving out before you have defiled themselves in all these ways.

μὴ μιαίνεσθε ἐνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". πᾶσινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi\alpha\zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τούτοιςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἐνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". πᾶσιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

LXX Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 γὰρ τούτοιςplugin-autotooltip_digoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἐμιάνθησαν τὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigo, ἡ, το

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἔθνη ὰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἤ, ὄ

greek

Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἐγὼ ἐξαποστέλλω πρὸ προσώπου ὑμῶν KJV Defile not

Defile not ye yourselves in any of these things: for in all these the nations are defiled which I cast out before you:

Leviticus 18:23 ← Leviticus 18:24 → Leviticus 18:25

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → Old Testament → Leviticus → Leviticus 18

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=leviticus_18:24

Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28

