2025/11/09 23:50 1/3 Leviticus 20:21

Leviticus 20:21

Hebrew	אָשֶׁר יָפֶּח אֶת plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָישׁ אֲשֶׁר יָפֶּח אֶת
	hebrew
	The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article הַ.Genesis 1:1 הָיָה בָּוֹא עֶרְגַת אָחֵיו גָּלֶה עֲרִירֵים יִהְיִּי נְבָּה הֵוֹא עֶרְגַת אָחֵיו גָּלֶה עֲרִירֵים יִהְיִּי
	hebrew
	The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.
	This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.
	* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2
ESV	If a man takes his brother's wife, it is impurity. He has uncovered his brother's nakedness; they shall be childless.
NIV	"'If a man marries his brother's wife, it is an act of impurity; he has dishonored his brother. They will be childless.
NLT	"If a man marries his brother's wife, it is an act of impurity. He has violated his brother, and the guilty couple will remain childless.

οςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigŏς, ἤ, ὅ greek Meaning: * Who * Which * What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἀν λάβη τὴνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γυναῖκα τοῦpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός LXX greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀκαθαρσία ἐστίνρΙυginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigείμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἀσχημοσύνην τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, το greek Meaning: * The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀδελφοῦ αὐτοῦpluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἀπεκάλυψεν ἄτεκνοι ἀποθανοῦνται

KJV

And if a man shall take his brother's wife, it is an unclean thing: he hath uncovered his brother's nakedness; they shall be childless.

Leviticus 20:20 ← Leviticus 20:21 → Leviticus 20:22

Return to: Home Page → Christianity → Bible → Old Testament → Leviticus → Leviticus 20

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=leviticus_20:21

Last update: 2025/10/23 00:28

