## Leviticus 23:15

Hebrew	אָתplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאָפָם לָכָם מִמְּחֶרֵת הַשַּׁבְּּת מִיּוֹם הֲבֵיאֲכֶׁם אֶת
	hebrew
	The Hebrew, אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article הָּכּפּר הַּנִּינְּה Genesis 1:1 אָפֶר הַתְּנִינְה הַּבְּעִי שְׁבָּעְוֹת מַּרְהַיִינְה הַּחְיֵּנִיה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bign, הְּיָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bign.
	hebrew
	The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.
	This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.
	* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2
ESV	"You shall count seven full weeks from the day after the Sabbath, from the day that you brought the sheaf of the wave offering.
NIV	"'From the day after the Sabbath, the day you brought the sheaf of the wave offering, count off seven full weeks.
NLT	"From the day after the Sabbath- the day you bring the bundle of grain to be lifted up as a special offering- count off seven full weeks.

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀριθμήσετε ὑμεῖς ἀπὸ τῆςpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐπαύριον τῶνρlugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ σαββάτων ἀπὸ τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The LXX The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἡμέρας ἦςplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigőς, ἥ, ὅ greek Meaning: \* Who \* Which \* What The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). lt is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὄς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἂν προσενέγκητε τὸpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ δράγμα τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐπιθέματος ἐπτὰ ἐβδομάδας ὁλοκλήρους

ΚJV

And ye shall count unto you from the morrow after the sabbath, from the day that ye brought the sheaf of the wave offering; seven sabbaths shall be complete:

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