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Leviticus 26:45

hebrew

The Hebrew אַת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

hebrew

Meaning:

* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world * Land * Countries or country

The word אָרֵע can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שְׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 מְּשְׁמֵיִם לְּעָיֵי הַגּוֹזִים לְהָלָת plugin-autotooltip_bigary. הְיִה plugin-autotooltip_bigary.

hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

Hebrew

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 מֵלְהֶים 2:2 מֵלְהֶים מונסלונות | autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigard אֵלְהִים מוֹנַ

hebrev

Meanings:

* God * god * goddess * divine ones * angels

Noun, masculine אַנִי יְהוֶה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigהְיָהוָה

hebrew

Meaning

* Yahweh - God's personal name

lt is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word הַּזְּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6

But I will for their sake remember the covenant with their forefathers, whom I brought out of the land of Egypt in the sight of the nations, that I might be their God: I am the LORD."

NIV But for their sake I will remember the covenant with their ancestors whom I brought out of Egypt in the sight of the nations to be their God. I am the LORD."

NLT For their sakes I will remember my ancient covenant with their ancestors, whom I brought out of the land of Egypt in the sight of all the nations, that I might be their God. I am the LORD."

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" μνησθήσομαι αὐτὧνpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article διαθήκης τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

gree

The definite article προτέρας ὅτε ἐξήγαγον αὐτοὺςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ἐκ γῆςplugin-autotooltip_default pluginautotooltip_bigyῆ

Meaning:

* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

LXX Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 Αἰγύπτου έξ οἴκου δουλείας ἔναντι τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greel

The definite article ἐθνῶν τοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article εἶναιplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. αὐτῶνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) $\theta \epsilon \delta c$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\theta \epsilon \delta c$

greek

Masculine noun meaning:

* A god or goddess * God ἐγώ εἰμιρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εlμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. κύριος

ΚJV

But I will for their sakes remember the covenant of their ancestors, whom I brought forth out of the land of Egypt in the sight of the heathen, that I might be their God: I am the LORD.

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