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Leviticus 6:13

	יְהוָּה מֶּרְבַּוֹ אַשֶּׁר יַקְרֵיבּוּ לֵיהוָה plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big יְהוָּהוָּה
Hebrew	hebrew
	Meaning
	* Yahweh - God's personal name
	It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.
	First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 בְּיוֹם הָמֶּשֵׁח hiphyplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigאַמֹּתוֹ
	hebrew
	The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. It only ever occurs in conjunction with nouns associated with the definite article בַּבּקר וּמַחַצִּיתָהּ בַּעֶבר
ESV	Fire shall be kept burning on the altar continually; it shall not go out.
NIV	The fire must be kept burning on the altar continuously; it must not go out.
NLT	Remember, the fire must be kept burning on the altar at all times. It must never go out.

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\pi \tilde{\nu} \rho \delta \tilde{\iota} \tilde{\alpha} \rho \log \tilde{\alpha}$ lugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\delta \tilde{\iota} \tilde{\alpha}$

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 παντὸς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

LXX Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 καυθήσεται ἐπὶ τὸplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θυσιαστήριον οὐ σβεσθήσεται

KJV The fire shall ever be burning upon the altar; it shall never go out.

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