2025/11/01 19:47 1/2 greek

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπαν λέγοντες πρὸς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός

greek

Meaning

* To or towards * Pertaining to (genitive case) * Near to (dative case) * According to * About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... αὐτόν-plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) εἰπὸν ἡμῖν ἐνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". ποία ἐξουσία ταῦταρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

* These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ποιεῖς, pluginautotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form ἢ τίς ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon i \mu i$ is the word for am and $\tilde{\eta} \nu$ is the word for was, e.g. $\dot{\phi}$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip big $\dot{\phi}$

greek

The definite article δούς σοι τὴνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article ἐξουσίαν ταύτην.plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

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Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

