

Luke 5:23

Greek	τί ἐστίν
	plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί
	greek
	εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).
	It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. εὐκοπώτερον, εἰπεῖν· ἄφεωνταί σοι αἱ
	plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό
	greek
	Meaning:
	* The
	The definite article.
Greek	Forms
	Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ
	ἁμαρτίαι σου, ἢ εἰπεῖν· ἔγειρε καὶ
	plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί
	greek
	Meaning
	* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
	Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” περιπάτει;
	ESV
	Which is easier, to say, 'Your sins are forgiven you,' or to say, 'Rise and walk'?
Greek	NIV
	Which is easier: to say, 'Your sins are forgiven,' or to say, 'Get up and walk'?
	NLT
	Is it easier to say 'Your sins are forgiven,' or 'Stand up and walk'?
	KJV
	Whether is easier, to say, Thy sins be forgiven thee; or to say, Rise up and walk?

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