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## Mark 4:18

mark\_4:18

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καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἄλλοι εἰσὶνplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. oἰpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐπί τὰςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἀκάνθας σπειρόμενοι· οὖτοίρlugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: Greek \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 εἰσίνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. oἰpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo, ἡ, τό areek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ τὸνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigỏ, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ λόγονplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigλόγος Meaning \* A word or words \* Statement \* Message \* Speech \* Account \* Used in John to mean God the Son Masculine noun. Related to the verb λέγω. λόγος in Greek Thought Before the New Testament, λόγος already had deep philosophical use. In Greek philosophy, λόγος was the rational principle that ordered the universe, the divine

reason that structured all things. In Heraclitus, λόγος referred to the unifying rational principle behind the constant change in the world.... ἀκούσαντες,

ESV	And others are the ones sown among thorns. They are those who hear the word,
NIV	Still others, like seed sown among thorns, hear the word;
NLT	The seed that fell among the thorns represents others who hear God's word,
KJV	And these are they which are sown among thorns; such as hear the word,

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