## Nehemiah 6:11

Hebrew אוֹשְׁמִי אֵלְה מְּמִי בְּמֵוֹנִי אֲלֶר וּמִי בְּמִוֹנִי אֵשְׁר יִבְּנֹא אֵל מּמִיבֶּל וְמֵי לְאָ אִלּ מִיבְּל וְמֵי לְאַ אַל מִיבְּל וְשִׁר וּצֹין will not go!"  NLT  Divide But I replied, "Should someone in my position run from danger? Should someone in my position enter the Temple to save his life? No, I won't do it!"  καὶριἰσια-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί  greek  Meaning  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπα τίς ἐστινρισια-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigἐμί greek  εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").  It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὀplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek  The definite article ἀνήρ δς εἰσελεύσεται εἰς τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek  The definite article οἶκον καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek  Meaning  * And * Also * Both * Even * Τοο * So  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently		
temple and live? I will not go in."  But I said, "Should a man like me run away? Or should one like me go into the temple to save his life? I will not go!"  But I replied, "Should someone in my position run from danger? Should someone in my position enter the Temple to save his life? No, I won't do it!"  kαὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί  greek  Meaning  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπα τίς ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί  greek  εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").  It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò  greek  The definite article ἀνήρ δς εἰσελεύσεται εἰς τὸνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò  greek  The definite article οἴκον καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί  greek  Meaning  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So	Hebrew	וָאֹמְרָה הַאֶּישׁ כָּמֹוֹנִי יִבְרָּח וּמֵי כָמְוֹנִי אֲשֶׁר יָבְוֹא אֶל הַהֵיכֶל וָחֵי לְאׁ אָבְוֹא
Save his life? I will not go!"  But I replied, "Should someone in my position run from danger? Should someone in my position enter the Temple to save his life? No, I won't do it!"  καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek  Meaning  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So  Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπα τίς ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek  εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").  It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὁρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek  The definite article ἀνήρ δς εἰσελεύσεται εἰς τὸνρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò greek  The definite article ἀνήρ δς καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek  Meaning  * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So	ESV	
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Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently		* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
translated as "and" ζήσεται		
KJV And I said, Should such a man as I flee? and who is there, that, being as I am, would go into the temple to save his life? I will not go in.	KJV	And I said, Should such a man as I flee? and who is there, that, being as I am, would go into the temple to save his life? I will not go in.

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