2025/11/09 20:20 1/8 greek

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἶπεν Εσδρας σὺ εἶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. αὐτὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) κύριος μόνος σὺ ἐποίησας plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigποιέω

Meaning:

* To do * To make

This verb - to do or make - is used in connection with a large range of activities including creation, covenant formation, obedience, miracles, sin and worship.

Verb forms

Present tense Person Greek Form τονplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigo, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανὸνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 καὶρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανὸνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Οὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 τοῦρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

2025/11/09 20:20 3/8 greek

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανοῦplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Oὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9 καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\sigma\alpha\nu$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\pi\tilde{\alpha}\varsigma$

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns \rightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, <math>\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{o}$

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ στάσιν αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τὴνρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative \dot{o} $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\tau}$ \dot{o} Genitive $\dot{\tau}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ $\ddot{\eta}$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigy $\ddot{\eta}$

Meaning:

* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) * Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) * Country * Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 $\kappa\alpha$ iplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\kappa\alpha$ í

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \alpha$ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big $\pi \~{\alpha} \varsigma$

greek

Meaning

2025/11/09 20:20 5/8 greek

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \zeta$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ὄσα ἐστὶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon i \mu i$ is the word for am and $\tilde{\eta} \nu$ is the word for was, e.g. $\dot{\epsilon} \nu$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip big $\dot{\epsilon} \nu$

greek

Preposition meaning "in". αὐτῆρlugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) τὰςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θαλάσσας καὶ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

Meaning

```
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
```

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\pi \acute{\alpha} \nu \tau \alpha$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\pi \acute{\alpha} \varsigma$

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns \rightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 $\tau \alpha$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{o}$

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ἐνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". αὐταῖς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

2025/11/09 20:20 7/8 greek

greek

Meaning

```
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
```

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" σὺ ζωοποιεῖς τὰplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πάνταρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns \rightarrow "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 καὶplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

```
* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So
```

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" σοὶ προσκυνοῦσιν αἰplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ στρατιαὶ τῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οὐρανῶνplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigoὐρανός

Meaning:

* The sky * Air * Heaven or heavens

278 occurrences in the New Testament.

Oὐρανός is used in Scripture to describe the sky and universe (that is, the visible expanse above the earth) as well as the transcendent realm where God is present. For example, in Matthew 6:26Matthew 24:29Matthew 6:9

From:

https://groveserver.com/bible/ - BibleWiki

Permanent link:

https://groveserver.com/bible/doku.php?id=nehemiah 9:6:greek

Last update: 2025/10/17 00:56

