## **Numbers 18:13**

אֶרֶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigץ,אֶרֶ

hebrew

Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶכֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שֶׁמִים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָהוָה 12:1 אַמָּים), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָהוָה 12:1 אַמָּיִם אוֹן אָשֶׁרִים אוֹן אַמְּיִם אוֹן אַשְּׁרִים אוֹן אַמְּיִם אוֹן אַמִּיִם אוֹן אוֹיִשְּׁיִּם אוֹן אוֹיִשְּׁיִם אוֹן אוֹיִשְׁיִּם אוֹן אוֹיִשְׁיִּבְּישׁׁיִּלְּיִבְּיִשׁׁיִּלְּיִבְּיָּשׁׁיִּלְיִהְנָהְיִם בּיִּבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם בּיִּבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְיִים בּיִבְּיִבְיִם בּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּיִם בּיִבְּיִם בּיִּבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִּבְים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְּים בּיִבְּים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִבְּים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְּים בּיִים בּיִּבְים בּיִּבְּים בּיִים בּיִּים בּיִּים בּיִים בּיִּים בּיִּבְּים בּיִים בּיבְּים בּיִים בּיִּים בְּיבְים בְּיבְּים בְּיִים בְּים בְּיבְּיבְים בּיִים בּיִים בְּיבְּיבִּים בּיִים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְים בְּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְּים בּיבְים בְּיבְים בּיבְים בּיבְּים בְּיבִים בְּיבְּים בְּיבִּים בְּיבִים בְּיבְים בְּיבְים בְּיבְים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְים בְּיבְים בְּיבִּים בְּיבְיבְיבִים בְּיבְיבְיבְים בְּיבְיבְיבְּים בְּיבְים בּיבְיבִים בְּיבְיבִּים בְּיבְּיבְיבְיבְיבְיבְיבְיבִּי

hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word הַּהַה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 יְהָיָה וֹשְׁ בּיֹיִי בְּיִינֶה לַּיִּבְּיִי בְּיִינֶה בּיִינִים default plugin-autotooltip\_big-

hebrew

The word הַיָּה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 מְהוֹר 2:9 בּלְּיִהוֹר plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip

hebrev

Meaning

\* Clean \* Pure

Adjective.

The word יְּהוֹר (from the root יסהר) can be used to describe physical, ceremonial or moral purity, depending on the context. It is contrasted with the word שָּמֶא which means unclean or impure.Leviticus 10:10Numbers 19:19Psalm 12:67Psalm 24:4Proverbs 15:26Exodus 27:20Leviticus 24:4Ezekiel 22:24Psalm 51:1012Ezekiel 36:25Matthew 5:8Psalm 24:4Psalm 51:10Leviticus 11:47Psalms 12:612Leviticus 13:37Numbers 8:7Leviticus 14:74Ezekiel 36:25Leviticus... בְּבִיתָּדָּ לְּאַכְלֵּנוֹ

The first ripe fruits of all that is in their land, which they bring to the LORD, shall be yours. Everyone who is clean in your house may eat it.

All the land's firstfruits that they bring to the LORD will be yours. Everyone in your household who is ceremonially clean may eat it

NLT All the first crops of their land that the people present to the LORD belong to you. Any member of your family who is ceremonially clean may eat this food.

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τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article. Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ πρωτογενήματα πάνταρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς areek Meaning \* All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶc depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 ὄσα ἐνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigév greek Preposition meaning "in". τῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ \* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun, Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός LXX Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὄσα ἂν ἐνέγκωσιν κυρίῳ σοὶ ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. πἄςplugin-autotooltip\_default greek Meaning All \* Every \* The whole Adjective. The sense of  $\pi \alpha \zeta$  depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 καθαρὸς ἐνρluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigev greek Preposition meaning "in". τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò, ἡ, τό greek Meaning: \* The The definite article Forms Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ οἴκω σου ἔδεται αὐτάρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

KJV And whatsoever is first ripe in the land, which they shall bring unto the LORD, shall be thine; every one that is clean in thine house shall eat of it.

Numbers 18:12 ← Numbers 18:13 → Numbers 18:14

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