

Numbers 19:22

Hebrew	וְכָל אֲשֶׁר יִגַּע בּוֹ הַטֹּמֵא יִטְמָא וְהַנִּגַּעַת הַטֹּמֵא עַד הָעֶרֶב
ESV	And whatever the unclean person touches shall be unclean, and anyone who touches it shall be unclean until evening.”
NIV	Anything that an unclean person touches becomes unclean, and anyone who touches it becomes unclean till evening.”
NLT	Anything and anyone that a defiled person touches will be ceremonially unclean until evening.”

	καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” παντόςplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigπᾶς greek Meaning * All * Every * The whole Adjective. Usage in the New Testament The sense of πᾶς depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable. With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 οὗ ἔάν ᾗψηται αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός greek Meaning * He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.
LXX	Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὁplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ greek The definite article ἀκάθαρτος ἀκάθαρτον ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. καὶplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigκαί greek Meaning * And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as “and” ἡplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ greek The definite article ψυχὴ ἡplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ greek The definite article ἀπτομένη ἀκάθαρτος ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”). It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἔως ἐσπέρας

KJV	And whatsoever the unclean person toucheth shall be unclean; and the soul that toucheth it shall be unclean until even.
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