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Numbers 28:23

Hebrew	אָת הַבּּׁקֶר אֲשֶׁר לְעֹלַת הַתְּמֵיד תַּעֲשְׂוּ אֶתplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigמְלְבַד עֹלַת הַבּּׁקֶר אֲשֶׁר לְעֹלַת הַתְּמֵיד תַּעֲשְׂוּ אֶת
	hebrew
	The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence. For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֻים (אֱלֶהִים (אֶלֶהִים (אֱלֶהִים (אֱלֶהִים (אֶלֶהִים (אֱלֶהִים (אֶלֶהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אֶלֶהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אֶלֶהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אַלֶּהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אִלֶּהִים (אִבֶּיִּם (אַלֶּהִים (אִבֶּיִּם (אִבֶּיִם (אִבֶּיִּם (אַלֶּהִים (אִבֶּלְהָהִים (אִבֶּיִם (אִבֶּיִּם (אִבְּיִּם (אִבְּיִּבְּה (אִבְּיִּם (אִבְּיִּבְּה (אִבְּיִבְּה (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִּבְּה (אִבְּיִּים (אִבְּיִּבְּה (אִבּיּיִים (אִבְּיִּבְּה (אִבְּיִּבְּה (אִבְּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבּיּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבְּיִּים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבּיִים (אִבּייִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבּייִים (אִבּייִים (אִבְּיִים (אִבִּים (אִבְּיִים (אִבִּיים (אִבְּייִּים (אִבּייִּים (אִבּייִים
ESV	You shall offer these besides the burnt offering of the morning, which is for a regular burnt offering.
NIV	Prepare these in addition to the regular morning burnt offering.
NLT	Present these offerings in addition to your regular morning burnt offering.

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πλὴν τῆςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article ὁλοκαυτώσεως τῆςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ

greek

The definite article διαρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigδιά

greek

Meaning:

* Through * Because * On account of

Preposition that relates to movement through space, time, means or cause - it's a preposition of movement and mediation.

When used with the genitive case, διά emphasizes the means or channel by which something happens. John 1:3Matthew 24:12John 1:32 Timothy 2:10Romans 5:1John 1:17 παντὸς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπᾶς

greek

LXX

Meaning

* All * Every * The whole

Adjective.

Usage in the New Testament

The sense of $\pi \tilde{\alpha} \varsigma$ depends on whether it modifies a singular or plural noun, and whether that noun is countable or uncountable.

With singular countable nouns → "every" John 1:9John 3:16Romans 5:12Matthew 28:19Colossians 1:16Romans 3:23Romans 3:23John 3:16Colossians 1:17 τῆςpluginautotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò

greek

The definite article πρωινῆς ὄ ἐστινρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὁλοκαύτωμα ἐνδελεχισμοῦ Ye shall offer these beside the burnt offering in the morning, which is for a continual burnt

offering.

KJV

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