2025/11/05 15:04 1/28 Numbers 34

# **Numbers 34**

Verses: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29

# **Text**

# Hebrew

יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigיִדְבֵּר יְהוֶה

hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6

אֶת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאָן אֶת

#### hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים ( בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל ׁוְאָמַרְתָּ אֲלֵהֶׁם כִּי אַתֶּם אֵרֵץplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigץאָם אֱל הָאֶבֵץ

hebrew

Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שֶׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אָרֵץ אָאת הָאָּרֵץ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big:אָרֵץ

# 2 hebrew

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hebrew

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ָהַיָּה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigהַיָּה

# hebrew

The word הָיָה means "to exist" or "to be" or "to become" or "to come into being" and occurs 3561 times in the Old Testament.

This is the foundational verb of existence, identity, becoming and occurrence.

\* It is used in the creation narrative of Genesis 1, represented by the English words Genesis 1:3Exodus 3:12Ruth 1:1Isaiah 2:2 לֶבֶם פְּאַת נֶגֶב מִמִּדְבַּר צֶּן עַל יְדֵי אֱדְוֹם וְהָיֵה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_big...

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ָהָיָהplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְנָסֶב לָכֵם הַגִּבֹוּל מְנֵּגֵב לְמַעֲלֵה עַקְרַבִּים וְעָבַר צִּנָה והיה

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הַיָּה מָעָבְמוֹן נַחַלָּה מִצְרֵיִם וְהַיִּוּ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigתַבֶּב הַגָּבוּל מֶעַצְמוֹן נַחַלָּה מִצְרֵיָם וְהַיִּוּ

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הַיָּה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_biq. הַיָּה

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ָהָיָה plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigמָה יְהָיֵה

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הַיָּה מָתָאוּ לָבָא חָמֶת וְהַיָּוּ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigמָהָר הַהַּיָּר

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הַיָּה וְהָיָּג הָגָּבֶל אָפָרְנָה וְהָיָּג plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big הַיָּה

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וָהָתָאַוּיתֵם לָכֵם לִגְבִוּל קָדְמָה מֶחֲצֵר עֵינֵן שְׁפֵּמָה 10

וְיָרֶד הַגְּבֶל מִשְׁפֵם הָרִבְלֶה מִקֶּדֶם לָעֵיוִ וְיָרֵד הַגְּבוּל וּמְחֶה עַל כֶּתֶף יָם כִּגַּרֶת קֵדְמָה

הַיַּה וְהָיָנ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigוְיַבֶד הַגְּבוּל הַיַּרְבֵּּנָה וְהָיָנ

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hebrew

Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶּרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 לְגְבַלְתֵּיהַ סְבֵיב 2025/11/05 15:04 7/28 Numbers 34

אָת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאַת משֶּה אָת

#### hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּגֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל לֵאמֶר זָאת הָאָּרֶץ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigy אֵרֵץ

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hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 בְּמָשׁ הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַבְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַמְּשְׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַּמְשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הְּמְשִׁת הַמְּשִׁת הַּמְּשִׁת הַּמְּשְׁת הַּמְּשְׁת הַּבְּשְׁת הַּבְּעָּת הַבְּשְׁת הַּבְּעִּת הְעָּבְּעָּת הַבְּשְׁת הַּבְּעִּת הַּבְּעִּת הְעָּבְּעִּת הַּבְּעִּת הַּבְּעִּית הַּבְּעִּית הַּבְּעִּת הַּבְּעִּת הַּבְּעִּת הַּבְּעִּית הַּבְּעִּת הַבְּעִּית הַּבְּעִּית הַּבְּעִּית הַּבְּעִּת הַבּעּת הַבּעּת הַּבּעּת הַּבּעּת הַּבְּעִּת הַבּעּת הַבּעּת הַּבְּעְּת הַּבְּעְתְּעִּית הַבּעּת הַּבּעּת הַּבּעּת הַּבּעּת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַּבְּעת הַּבְּעת הַבְּעת הַּבְּעת הַּבְּעת הַבְּעת הַבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַבּעת הַבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַבּעת הַּבּעת הַבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבְּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּעת הַּבּ

ַבָּי לָקְחוּ מַשֵּׁה בְגַי הָראוּבֵנִיּ לְבֵית אֲבֹּלֶּם וּמַשֵּה בְגֵי הַגָּדָי לְבֵית אֲבֹתֶם וַחֲצִיּ מַשֵּה מְנַשֶּׁה לָקְחָוּ נַחֲלָתֶם|14|

שָׁנֵי הַמַּטִוֹת וַחֲצֵי הַמַּטֵה לָקָחוּ נַחַלָּתָם מֵעָבֶר לְיַרְדֵּן יָרַחוֹ קַדְמָה מְזָרֵחָה|15

יָהוָה plugin-autotooltip \_default plugin-autotooltip bigיַדְבֶּר יְהוֶה

hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהּוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6

אָת אָפות הָאַנְשִּׁים אֲשֶׁר יִנְחֲלָוּ לְכֶם אֶת plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigאֶלֶה שְׁמְוֹת הֶאֲנְשִּׁים אֲשֶׁר יִנְחֲלָוּ לְכֶם אֶת

#### hebrew

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בָּרֵא אֱלֹהֵים ( הָאֵבֶּץ plugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_ bigץבָא

# 17 hebrew

# Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

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When coupled with heavens (שָׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 אלעזר הכּהן ויהושע בן נוּן 2025/11/05 15:04 9/28 Numbers 34

אָת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigאָת נְשִּׁיא אָחֶד מָמֶּטֶה תָּקְחָוּ לַנְחָל אֶת

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Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שַׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1

- וָאֱלֵה שִׁמְוֹת הָאֵנָשֵׁים לִמַשֵּה יִהוּדָּה כָּלֵב בַּן יִפָּנָה 19
- וּלְמַטֵּה בָּנֵי שִׁמְעוֹן שִׁמוּאֱל בָּן עַמִּיהָוּד 20
- לִמַפֵּה בִנָיָמָן אֱלִידֶד בֵּן כִּסְלְוֹן 21
- וּלְמַפֵּה בְנֵי דֶן נָשֵּׁיא בָּקֵי בֵּן יָגְלֵי 22
- לָבְנֵי יוֹלֶף לִמַשֵּה בְנֵי מִנַשֵּׁה נָשֵּׁיא חַנִּיאֵל בֵּן אֵפְּד 23
- וּלְמַטֵּה בָנֵי אֶפָרֵיִם נָשִּׂיא קמוּאֱל בֵּן שִׁפְטַן 24
- וּלְמַמֵּה בְנֵי זְבוּלֻן נָעֻיא אֱלִיצָפֵּן בֶּן פַּרְנֶדְּ |25|
- וּלְמַטֵּה בָנֵי יִשַּׁשכָר נָשִּׂיא פַּלְטִיאֵל בָּן עַזַּן 26
- וּלְמַטֵּה בְנֵי אַשֵּׁר נַשֵּׁיא אַחִיהְוּד בֵּן שִׁלֹמֵי 27
- וּלְמַמֵּה בְגֵי נַפְתָּלֵי נָשֵּׁיא פְּדַהְאֵל בֶּן עַמִּיהְוּד|28

יהוֹה plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip big יהוֹה

hebrew

Meaning

\* Yahweh - God's personal name

It is not a generic term for "god", but rather the word יְהּוָּה (YHWH) is the name by which God uniquely identifies himself in the Old Testament.

First appearing in Genesis 2:4, it occurs over 6,000 times in the Old Testament.Exodus 3:14Deuteronomy 6:4Psalm 23:1Romans 10:13Joel 2:32Exodus 20:7Psalm 18:1Exodus 15:3Psalm 8:1Genesis 2:41 Samuel 1:3Judges 6:24Genesis 22:14Jeremiah 23:6 לְנַחֵל אֶת plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigwa

hebrew

29

The Hebrew אֵת word does not have a corresponding word in English. In Hebrew, it is a marker of the accusative, i.e. the word following it is the object of the sentence.

For example, in Genesis 1:1 the word is preceded by בְּגֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּאֶבֶץ plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigy>אר

hebrew

Meaning:

\* Earth (e.g. Genesis 1:1) or world \* Land \* Countries or country

The word אֶרֶץ can designate the whole of planet earth, or the inhabitable world or the national territory or ground.

When coupled with heavens (שֶׁמֵיִם), the phrase indicates the entire created order.Genesis 12:1 בְּגֵעַן

# **ESV**

- 1 The LORD spoke to Moses, saying,
- <sup>2</sup> "Command the people of Israel, and say to them, When you enter the land of Canaan (this is the land that shall fall to you for an inheritance, the land of Canaan as defined by its borders),
- your south side shall be from the wilderness of Zin alongside Edom, and your southern border shall run from the end of the Salt Sea on the east.
- And your border shall turn south of the ascent of Akrabbim, and cross to Zin, and its limit shall be south of Kadesh-barnea. Then it shall go on to Hazar-addar, and pass along to Azmon.
- 5 And the border shall turn from Azmon to the Brook of Egypt, and its limit shall be at the sea.
- 6 "For the western border, you shall have the Great Sea and its coast. This shall be your western border.
- 7 | "This shall be your northern border: from the Great Sea you shall draw a line to Mount Hor.
- From Mount Hor you shall draw a line to Lebo-hamath, and the limit of the border shall be at Zedad.
- Then the border shall extend to Ziphron, and its limit shall be at Hazar-enan. This shall be your northern border.

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- 10 "You shall draw a line for your eastern border from Hazar-enan to Shepham.
- And the border shall go down from Shepham to Riblah on the east side of Ain. And the border shall go down and reach to the shoulder of the Sea of Chinnereth on the east.
- And the border shall go down to the Jordan, and its limit shall be at the Salt Sea. This shall be your land as defined by its borders all around."
- Moses commanded the people of Israel, saying, "This is the land that you shall inherit by lot, which the LORD has commanded to give to the nine tribes and to the half-tribe.
- For the tribe of the people of Reuben by fathers' houses and the tribe of the people of Gad by their fathers' houses have received their inheritance, and also the half-tribe of Manasseh.
- The two tribes and the half-tribe have received their inheritance beyond the Jordan east of Jericho, toward the sunrise."
- 16 The LORD spoke to Moses, saying,
- "These are the names of the men who shall divide the land to you for inheritance: Eleazar the priest and Joshua the son of Nun.
- 18 You shall take one chief from every tribe to divide the land for inheritance.
- 19 These are the names of the men: Of the tribe of Judah, Caleb the son of Jephunneh.
- 20 Of the tribe of the people of Simeon, Shemuel the son of Ammihud.
- 21 Of the tribe of Benjamin, Elidad the son of Chislon.
- 22 Of the tribe of the people of Dan a chief, Bukki the son of logli.
- 23 Of the people of Joseph: of the tribe of the people of Manasseh a chief, Hanniel the son of Ephod.
- 24 And of the tribe of the people of Ephraim a chief, Kemuel the son of Shiphtan.
- 25 Of the tribe of the people of Zebulun a chief, Elizaphan the son of Parnach.
- 26 Of the tribe of the people of Issachar a chief, Paltiel the son of Azzan.
- 27 And of the tribe of the people of Asher a chief, Ahihud the son of Shelomi.
- 28 Of the tribe of the people of Naphtali a chief, Pedahel the son of Ammihud.
- These are the men whom the LORD commanded to divide the inheritance for the people of Israel in the land of Canaan."

#### NIV

- 1 The LORD said to Moses,
- <sup>2</sup> "Command the Israelites and say to them: 'When you enter Canaan, the land that will be allotted to you as an inheritance will have these boundaries:
- "'Your southern side will include some of the Desert of Zin along the border of Edom. On the east, your southern boundary will start from the end of the Salt Sea,
- 4 cross south of Scorpion Pass, continue on to Zin and go south of Kadesh Barnea. Then it will go to Hazar Addar and over to Azmon,
- 5 where it will turn, join the Wadi of Egypt and end at the Sea.
- 6 "'Your western boundary will be the coast of the Great Sea. This will be your boundary on the west."
- 7 | "'For your northern boundary, run a line from the Great Sea to Mount Hor
- 8 and from Mount Hor to Lebo Hamath. Then the boundary will go to Zedad,
- 9 continue to Ziphron and end at Hazar Enan. This will be your boundary on the north.
- 10 "'For your eastern boundary, run a line from Hazar Enan to Shepham.
- The boundary will go down from Shepham to Riblah on the east side of Ain and continue along the slopes east of the Sea of Kinnereth.
- Then the boundary will go down along the Jordan and end at the Salt Sea. "'This will be your land, with its boundaries on every side.'"

- Last update: 2025/08/14 06:15
- Moses commanded the Israelites: "Assign this land by lot as an inheritance. The LORD has ordered that it be given to the nine and a half tribes,
- because the families of the tribe of Reuben, the tribe of Gad and the half-tribe of Manasseh have received their inheritance.
- These two and a half tribes have received their inheritance on the east side of the Jordan of Jericho, toward the sunrise."
- 16 The LORD said to Moses.
- 17 These are the names of the men who are to assign the land for you as an inheritance: Eleazar the priest and Joshua son of Nun.
- 18 And appoint one leader from each tribe to help assign the land.
- 19 These are their names: Caleb son of Jephunneh, from the tribe of Judah;
- 20 Shemuel son of Ammihud, from the tribe of Simeon;
- 21 Elidad son of Kislon, from the tribe of Benjamin;
- 22 Bukki son of Jogli, the leader from the tribe of Dan;
- 23 Hanniel son of Ephod, the leader from the tribe of Manasseh son of Joseph;
- 24 Kemuel son of Shiphtan, the leader from the tribe of Ephraim son of Joseph;
- 25 Elizaphan son of Parnach, the leader from the tribe of Zebulun;
- 26 Paltiel son of Azzan, the leader from the tribe of Issachar;
- 27 Ahihud son of Shelomi, the leader from the tribe of Asher;
- 28 Pedahel son of Ammihud, the leader from the tribe of Naphtali."
- These are the men the LORD commanded to assign the inheritance to the Israelites in the land of Canaan.

#### NLT

- 1 Then the LORD said to Moses,
- 2 "Give these instructions to the Israelites: When you come into the land of Canaan, which I am giving you as your special possession, these will be the boundaries.
- The southern portion of your country will extend from the wilderness of Zin, along the edge of Edom. The southern boundary will begin on the east at the Dead Sea.
- It will then run south past Scorpion Pass in the direction of Zin. Its southernmost point will be Kadesh-barnea, from which it will go to Hazar-addar, and on to Azmon.
- 5 From Azmon the boundary will turn toward the Brook of Egypt and end at the Mediterranean Sea.
- 6 "Your western boundary will be the coastline of the Mediterranean Sea.
- 7 | "Your northern boundary will begin at the Mediterranean Sea and run east to Mount Hor,
- 8 then to Lebo-hamath, and on through Zedad
- 9 and Ziphron to Hazar-enan. This will be your northern boundary.
- 10 "The eastern boundary will start at Hazar-enan and run south to Shepham,
- then down to Riblah on the east side of Ain. From there the boundary will run down along the eastern edge of the Sea of Galilee,
- 12 and then along the Jordan River to the Dead Sea. These are the boundaries of your land."
- Then Moses told the Israelites, "This territory is the homeland you are to divide among yourselves by sacred lot. The LORD has commanded that the land be divided among the nine and a half remaining tribes.
- The families of the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half the tribe of Manasseh have already received their grants of land
- 15 on the east side of the Jordan River, across from Jericho toward the sunrise."
- 16 And the LORD said to Moses,

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- 17 "Eleazar the priest and Joshua son of Nun are the men designated to divide the grants of land among the people.
- 18 Enlist one leader from each tribe to help them with the task.
- 19 These are the tribes and the names of the leaders: Tribe Leader Judah Caleb son of Jephunneh
- 20 Simeon Shemuel son of Ammihud
- 21 Benjamin Elidad son of Kislon
- 22 Dan Bukki son of Jogli
- 23 Manasseh son of Joseph Hanniel son of Ephod
- 24 Ephraim son of Joseph Kemuel son of Shiphtan
- 25 Zebulun Elizaphan son of Parnach
- 26 Issachar Paltiel son of Azzan
- 27 Asher Ahihud son of Shelomi
- 28 Naphtali Pedahel son of Ammihud
- These are the men the LORD has appointed to divide the grants of land in Canaan among the Israelites."

# LXX

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐλάλησεν κύριος πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός

greek

Meaning

\* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... Μωυσῆν λέγων

ἔντειλαι τοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

areek

The definite article υἰοῖς Ισραηλ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐρεῖς πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός

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greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὑμεῖς εἰσπορεύεσθε εἰς τὴνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip bigò

greek

The definite article γῆνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 Χανααν αὕτηρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὕτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greel

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑμῖν εἰς κληρονομίαν γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigyῆ

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

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greek

The definite article ὀρίοις αὐτῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

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Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English)

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καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑμῖν τὸρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article κλίτος τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

areek

The definite article πρὸςplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigπρός

greek

Meaning

\* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... λίβα ἀπὸ ἐρήμου Σιν ἔως ἐχόμενον Εδωμ καὶριαgin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

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greek

The definite article ὄρια πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός

greek

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greel

The definite article  $\theta\alpha\lambda\dot{\alpha}\sigma\sigma\eta\varsigma$   $\tau\ddot{\eta}\varsigma$ plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article άλυκῆς ἀπὸ ἀνατολῶν

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καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" κυκλώσει ὑμᾶς τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article ὄρια ἀπὸ λιβὸς πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός

greek

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\* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About

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greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παρελεύσεται Σεννα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

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greek

The definite article διέξοδος αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός

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Meaning

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Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... λίβα Καδης τοῦρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article Βαρνη καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐξελεύσεται εἰς ἔπαυλιν Αραδ καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" παρελεύσεται Ασεμωνα

2025/11/05 15:04 17/28 Numbers 34 καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί areek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" κυκλώσει τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article ὄρια ἀπὸ Ασεμωνα χειμάρρουν Αἰγύπτου καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἡpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó The definite article διέξοδος ήplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article θάλασσα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ὄρια τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article θαλάσσης ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑμῖν ἡρΙυginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article θάλασσα ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article μεγάλη ὁριεῖ τοὕτορlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: st These or this st This one, this person, this thing st They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὕτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί είμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑμῖν τὰρlugin-

autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigo

The definite article ὄρια τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

The definite article θαλάσσης

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

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ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τοῦτορlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greel

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article ὄρια ὑμῖν πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigπρός

greek

Meaning

\* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About

Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament.

πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... βορρᾶν ἀπὸ τῆς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article θαλάσσης τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greel

The definite article μεγάλης καταμετρήσετε ὑμῖν αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) παρὰ τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ὄρος τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ὄρος

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καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἀπὸ τοῦρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

The definite article ὄρους τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article ὄρος καταμετρήσετε αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ε<mark>ισπορευομένων είς Εμαθ κα</mark>ὶρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article διέξοδος αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) taplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article ὅρια Σαραδα

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐξελεύσεται τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article ὄρια Δεφρωνα καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

areek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article διέξοδος αὐτοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) Ασερναιν τοῦτοplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑμῖν ὅρια ἀπὸ βορρᾶ

κα\plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" καταμετρήσετε ὑμῖν αὐτοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

10 greek

Meaning

st He, she, it st Himself, herself, itself st Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) tàplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article <mark>ὄρια ἀνατολῶν ἀπὸ</mark> Ασερναιν Σεπφαμα

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κα\plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and"  $\kappa\alpha\tau\alpha\beta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota$   $\tau\alpha$  plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

11 The definite article ὄρια ἀπὸ Σεπφαμ Αρβηλα ἀπὸ ἀνατολῶν ἐπὶ πηγάς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" καταβήσεται τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article ὄρια Βηλα ἐπὶ νώτου θαλάσσης Χεναρα ἀπὸ ἀνατολῶν

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί areek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" καταβήσεται τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip bigò greek The definite article ὄρια ἐπὶ τὸνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article Ιορδάνην καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So s a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἔσταιρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigslμί greek εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ἡpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article διέξοδος θάλασσα ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἀλυκή αὔτηρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὔτη /τοῦτο greek Meaning: \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἔσταιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigεἰμί εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be"). lt an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example είμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. ὑμῖν ἡpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ Meaning: \* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5) Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology". It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 καιρμαίη-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ὄρια αὐτῆς plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) κύκλῳ

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐνετείλατο Μωυσῆς τοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article υἰοῖς Ισραηλ λέγων αὕτηplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ἡplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article γῆplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 ἢν κατακληρονομήσετε αὐτὴνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

#### 13 greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) μετὰ κλήρου ὂν τρόπον συνέταξεν κύριος τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo

greek

The definite article Μωυσῆ δοῦναι αὐτὴνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

\* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ταῖcplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article ἐννέα φυλαῖς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τῷplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigó

greek

The definite article ἡμίσει φυλῆς Μανασση

Last update: 2025/08/14 06:15

ὄτι ἔλαβεν φυλὴ υἰῶν Ρουβην καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί areek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" φυλὴ υἰῶν Γαδ κατ οἴκους πατριῶν αὐτῶνpluginautotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek 14 Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" τὸplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article ἥμισυ φυλῆς Μανασση ἀπέλαβον τοὺςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article κλήρους αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He, she, it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) δύο φυλαί καίplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἥμισυ φυλῆς ἔλαβον τοὺςplugin-autotooltip \_default pluginautotooltip\_bigò The definite article κλήρους αὐτῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigαὐτός greek Meaning \* He. she. it \* Himself, herself, itself \* Same Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament. Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) πέραν τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigỏ The definite article Ιορδάνου κατὰ Ιεριχω ἀπὸ νότου κατ ἀνατολάς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἐλάλησεν κύριος πρὸςplugin-autotooltip\_default pluginautotooltip\_bigπρός greek Meaning \* To or towards \* Pertaining to (genitive case) \* Near to (dative case) \* According to \* About Preposition. Occurs 703 times in the New Testament. πρός is a common preposition in Koine Greek that carries different meanings. It most frequently takes the accusative case, but at times it takes the genitive or dative cases, giving it a different meaning again. At its core, it usually describes movement or relationship toward someone or something, whether physical, s... Μωυσῆν λέγων 2025/11/05 15:04 25/28 Numbers 34

ταῦταplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo

greek

The definite article ἀνόματα τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article ἀνδρῶν οἳ κληρονομήσουσιν ὑμῖν τὴνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

areek

The definite article yñyplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigyñ

Meaning:

17

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 Ελεαζαρ ὁplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article ἰερεὺς καὶplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" Ἰησοῦς ὁplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ

greek

The definite article τοῦplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greek

The definite article Ναυη

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί

greek

Meaning

\* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So

ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ἄρχοντα ἕνα ἐκ φυλῆς λήμψεσθε κατακληρονομῆσαι ὑμῖν τὴνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigo

18 greek

The definite article γῆνρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigγῆ

Meaning

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

It occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1

καὶplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigκαί greek Meaning \* And \* Also \* Both \* Even \* Too \* So ls a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" ταῦταρlugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigοὖτος / greek Meaning: \* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it Demonstrative pronoun. οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 τὰplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article ἀνόματα τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article ἀνδρῶν τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò greek The definite article φυλῆς Ιουδα Χαλεβ υἰὸς Ιεφοννη τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 20 greek The definite article φυλῆς Συμεων Σαλαμιηλ υἰὸς Εμιουδ τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 21 areek The definite article φυλῆς Βενιαμιν Ελδαδ υἰὸς Χασλων τῆς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 22 greek The definite article φυλῆς Δαν ἄρχων Βακχιρ υἰὸς Εγλι τῶνplugin-autotooltip\_\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigὁ The definite article υἰῶν Ιωσηφ φυλῆς υἰῶν Μανασση ἄρχων Ανιηλ υἰὸς Ουφι τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 24 greek The definite article φυλῆς υἰῶν Εφραιμ ἄρχων Καμουηλ υἰὸς Σαβαθα τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 25 greek The definite article φυλῆς Ζαβουλων ἄρχων Ελισαφαν υἰὸς Φαρναχ τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 26 greek The definite article φυλῆς υἰῶν Ισσαχαρ ἄρχων Φαλτιηλ υἰὸς Οζα τῆςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò 27 greek The definite article φυλῆς υἰῶν Ασηρ ἄρχων Αχιωρ υἰὸς Σελεμι τῆς plugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò The definite article φυλῆς Νεφθαλι ἄρχων Φαδαηλ υἰὸς Βεναμιουδ

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οὖτοιplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigoὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο

greek

Meaning:

\* These or this \* This one, this person, this thing \* They or he or she or it

Demonstrative pronoun.

οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 οἶς ἐνετείλατο κύριος καταμερίσαι τοῖςplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigò

greel

The definite article υἰοῖς Ισραηλ ἐνplugin-autotooltip\_default plugin-autotooltip\_bigἐν

greel

Preposition meaning "in". y\(\tilde{\eta}\)plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigy\(\tilde{\eta}\)

Meaning:

\* Soil or ground (e.g. Matthew 13:5) \* Land (e.g. Luke 4:5) \* Country \* Earth (e.g. Matthew 5:5)

Feminine noun. Connected to the English words "ground", "geometry" and "geology".

lt occurs throughout the LXX and the New Testament (approximately 250 times in the New Testament) and its meaning varies subtly on context, for example, in the LXX:Genesis 1:1Genesis 2:7Genesis 12:1 Χανααν

# KJV

- 1 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying,
- Command the children of Israel, and say unto them, When ye come into the land of Canaan; (this is the land that shall fall unto you for an inheritance, even the land of Canaan with the coasts thereof:)
- Then your south quarter shall be from the wilderness of Zin along by the coast of Edom, and your south border shall be the outmost coast of the salt sea eastward:
- And your border shall turn from the south to the ascent of Akrabbim, and pass on to Zin: and the going forth thereof shall be from the south to Kadeshbarnea, and shall go on to Hazaraddar, and pass on to Azmon:
- And the border shall fetch a compass from Azmon unto the river of Egypt, and the goings out of it shall be at the sea.
- And as for the western border, ye shall even have the great sea for a border: this shall be your west border.
- 7 And this shall be your north border: from the great sea ye shall point out for you mount Hor:
- 8 From mount Hor ye shall point out your border unto the entrance of Hamath; and the goings forth of the border shall be to Zedad:
- 9 And the border shall go on to Ziphron, and the goings out of it shall be at Hazarenan: this shall be your north border.
- 10 And ye shall point out your east border from Hazarenan to Shepham:
- And the coast shall go down from Shepham to Riblah, on the east side of Ain; and the border shall descend, and shall reach unto the side of the sea of Chinnereth eastward:
- And the border shall go down to Jordan, and the goings out of it shall be at the salt sea: this shall be your land with the coasts thereof round about.
- And Moses commanded the children of Israel, saying, This is the land which ye shall inherit by lot, which the LORD commanded to give unto the nine tribes, and to the half tribe:
- For the tribe of the children of Reuben according to the house of their fathers, and the tribe of the children of Gad according to the house of their fathers, have received their inheritance; and half the tribe of Manasseh have received their inheritance:
- The two tribes and the half tribe have received their inheritance on this side Jordan near Jericho eastward, toward the sunrising.
- 16 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying,

- These are the names of the men which shall divide the land unto you: Eleazar the priest, and Joshua the son of Nun.
- 18 And ye shall take one prince of every tribe, to divide the land by inheritance.
- 19 And the names of the men are these: Of the tribe of Judah, Caleb the son of Jephunneh.
- 20 And of the tribe of the children of Simeon, Shemuel the son of Ammihud.
- 21 Of the tribe of Benjamin, Elidad the son of Chislon.
- 22 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Dan, Bukki the son of Jogli.
- The prince of the children of Joseph, for the tribe of the children of Manasseh, Hanniel the son of Ephod.
- 24 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Ephraim, Kemuel the son of Shiphtan.
- 25 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Zebulun, Elizaphan the son of Parnach.
- 26 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Issachar, Paltiel the son of Azzan.
- 27 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Asher, Ahihud the son of Shelomi.
- 28 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Naphtali, Pedahel the son of Ammihud.
- These are they whom the LORD commanded to divide the inheritance unto the children of Israel in the land of Canaan.

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