2025/11/11 19:27 1/2 greek

| οὖτοςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigοὖτος / αὕτη /τοῦτο |
|---|
| greek |
| Meaning: |
| * These or this * This one, this person, this thing * They or he or she or it |
| Demonstrative pronoun. |
| οὖτος usually refers to something close to the speaker — "this" as opposed to ἐκεῖνος (John 9:161 John 5:111 Corinthians 15:501 John 4:9John 5:1Matthew 3:17John 7:26Luke 22:19 ὁplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό |
| greek |
| Meaning: |
| * The |
| The definite article. |
| Forms |
| Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative \dot{o} $\dot{\eta}$ $\tau \dot{o}$ Genitive $\tau \ddot{o}$ $\tau \ddot{\eta} \dot{\varsigma}$ Dative $\tau \ddot{\phi}$ $\tau \ddot{\eta} \dot{\varsigma}$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big \dot{o} , $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{o}$ |
| greek |
| Meaning: |
| * The |
| The definite article. |
| Forms |
| Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ ζηλοτυπίας ὧplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὅς, ἥ, ὅ |
| greek |
| Meaning: |
| * Who * Which * What |
| The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent). |
| It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older |

Greek (meaning ἐὰν παραβῆ ἡplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ γυνὴ ὑπ ἀνδρὸς οὖσαρlugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon i \mu i$ is the word for am and $\tilde{\eta} \nu$ is the word for was, e.g. $\kappa \alpha i \rho lugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigk <math>\alpha i$

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\mu \iota \alpha \nu \theta \tilde{\eta}$

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