2025/11/08 11:37 1/3 greek

καὶplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigκαί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\tau \dot{o}$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big \dot{o} , $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{o}$

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῆ θηρίον ὃplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigὄς, ἥ, ὄ

greek

Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι ("that," introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning ἦνplugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigɛἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon l\mu l$ is the word for am and l l l l is the word for was, e.g. $\kappa \alpha l l l$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigk αl

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as

"and" οὐκ ἔστιν, plugin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon l\mu l$ is the word for am and $\tilde{l} \nu$ is the word for was, e.g. $\kappa \alpha l$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_big $\kappa \alpha l$

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" αὐτὸςplugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigαὐτός

greek

Meaning

* He, she, it * Himself, herself, itself * Same

Personal pronoun (reflexive). Occurs more than 5,000 times in the New Testament.

Core uses Function English Equivalent Typical Translation Example (Greek) Example (English) ὄγδοός ἐστιγριμgin-autotooltip default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon l\mu i$ is the word for am and $\hbar \nu$ is the word for was, e.g. $\kappa \alpha l \mu$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigk αi

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ $\tau\tilde{\omega}\nu$ plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip_bigò, $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau\acute{o}$

greek

Meaning:

2025/11/08 11:37 3/3 greek

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ ἑπτά ἐστιν,plugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for "to be" (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = "to be").

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example $\epsilon i \mu i$ is the word for am and $\tilde{\eta} \nu$ is the word for was, e.g. $\kappa \alpha i \rho lugin-autotooltip_default plugin-autotooltip bigk<math>\alpha i$

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" εἰς ἀπώλειαν ὑπάγει.

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