

οἷτινες μετήλλαξαν τὴν [plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big](#)ό, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ [ἀλήθειαν τοῦ](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big](#)ό, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ [θεοῦ](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big](#)θεός

greek

Masculine noun meaning:

* A god or goddess * God [ἐν](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big](#)ἐν

greek

Preposition meaning "in". [τῷ](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big](#)ό, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ [ψεύδει, καὶ](#)[plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_big](#)καί

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἐσεβάσθησαν καὶ](#) [καὶ](#)

greek

Meaning

* And * Also * Both * Even * Too * So

Is a conjunction that connects single words or terms or sentences. IT is most frequently translated as "and" [ἐλάτρευσαν τῇ](#) [ὁ, ἡ, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ [κτίσει](#) [παρὰ τὸν](#) [ὁ, ἡ, τό](#)

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ [κτίσαντα, ὅς](#) [ὁ, ἡ, ὅ](#)

greek

Meaning:

* Who * Which * What

The relative pronoun that connects a relative clause to a main clause, referring back to a noun or

pronoun (called the antecedent).

It is distinct from ὅτι (“that,” introducing indirect speech) and from ὅς as an interrogative in older Greek (meaning **ἐστίν**plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigεἰμί

greek

εἰμί is the first person singular verb for “to be” (εἶναι [the infinitive form] = “to be”).

It an irregular verb, and, like English, changes significantly between person and tense. For example εἰμί is the word for am and ἦν is the word for was, e.g. **εὐλογητὸς εἰς τοὺς**plugin-autotooltip__default plugin-autotooltip_bigὁ, ἡ, τό

greek

Meaning:

* The

The definite article.

Forms

Singular Case Masculine Feminine Neuter Nominative ὁ ἡ τό Genitive τοῦ τῆς τοῦ Dative τῷ τῇ **αἰῶνας· ἀμήν.**

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